

Electronic Supporting Information

Efficient extraction and purification of mycosporines-like amino acids (MAAs) following a multiproduct biorefinery approach

Bárbara M.C. Vaz,^{1#} Maria Sofia C.T.S. Leite,^{1#} Leticia S. Contieri,^{1,2} Leonardo M. de Souza Mesquita,^{1,2} Alexandra Conde,¹ Joana P. Oliveira,¹ Diana C.G.A. Pinto,³ Sónia P.M. Ventura^{1*}

¹CICECO – Aveiro Institute of Materials, Department of Chemistry, University of Aveiro

Campus Universitário de Santiago, 3810-193 Aveiro, Portugal

²Multidisciplinary Laboratory of Food and Health (LabMAS), School of Applied Sciences

(FCA), University of Campinas, Rua Pedro Zaccaria 1300, 13484-350, Limeira, São Paulo,

Brazil

³LAQV - REQUIMTE, Department of Chemistry, University of Aveiro, 3810-193 Aveiro,

Portugal

both authors worked equally for this manuscript.

*Corresponding author

E-mail: spventura@ua.pt

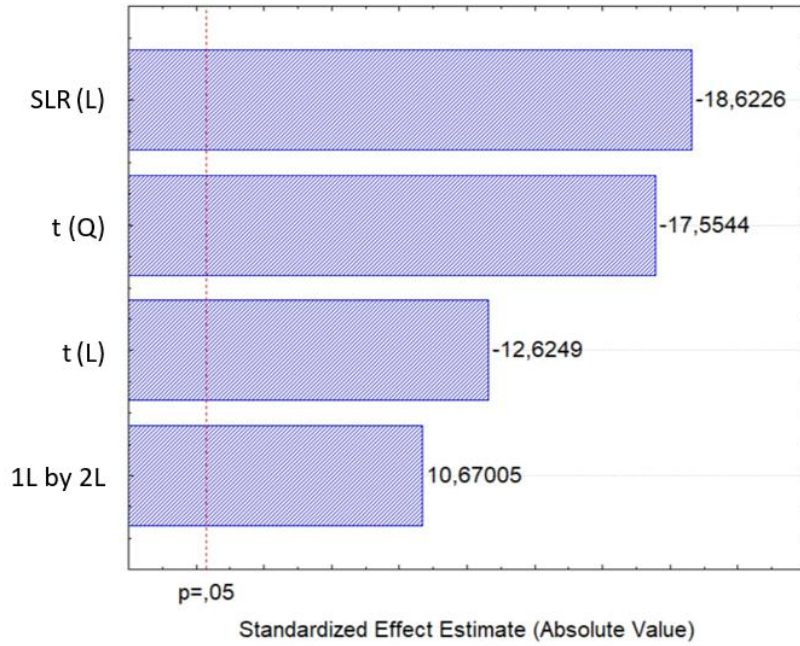


Figure S1. Pareto Chart of the CCRD (2^2) regarding MAAs yield of extraction ($\text{mg}_{\text{MAAs}} \cdot \text{g}_{\text{fresh biomass}}^{-1}$) using PBS (1X, pH 7.4).

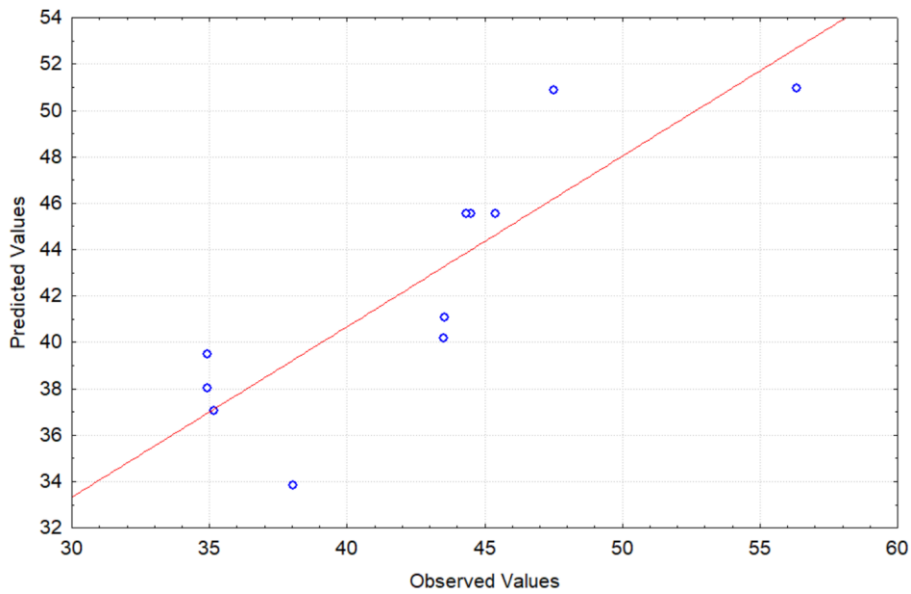


Figure S2. Predicted vs. experimental values of the CCRD (2^2) regarding MAAs yield of extraction ($\text{mg}_{\text{MAAs}} \cdot \text{g}_{\text{fresh biomass}}^{-1}$) using PBS (1X, pH 7.4).

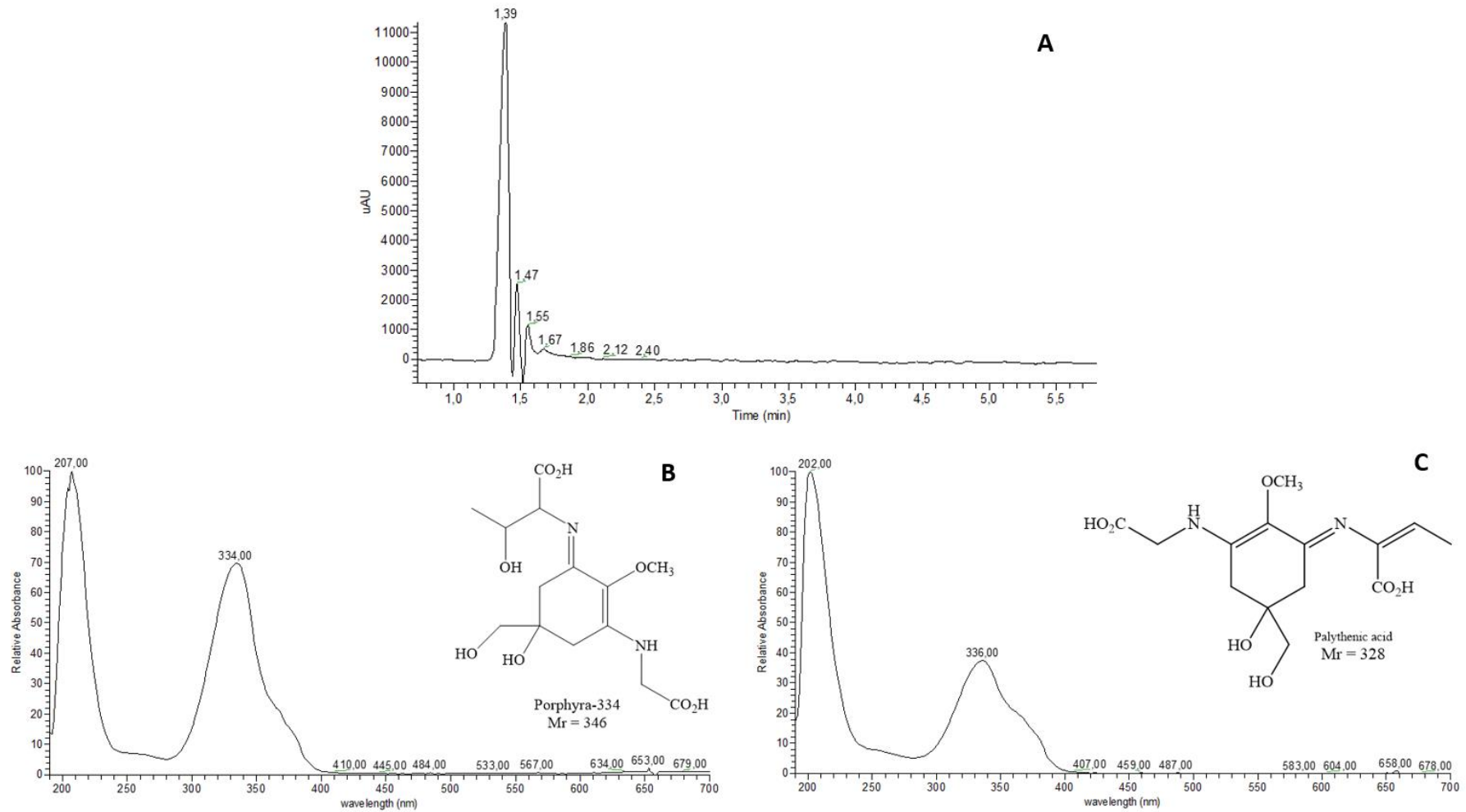


Figure S3. UHPLC-DAD-ESI/MS chromatogram of the resulting MAAs extract in PBS (1X, pH 7.4) (A), and respective UV-Vis spectra of the proposed compounds, namely porphyra-334 at a retention time of 1.39 min (B), and palythenic acid at a retention time of 1.47 min (C).

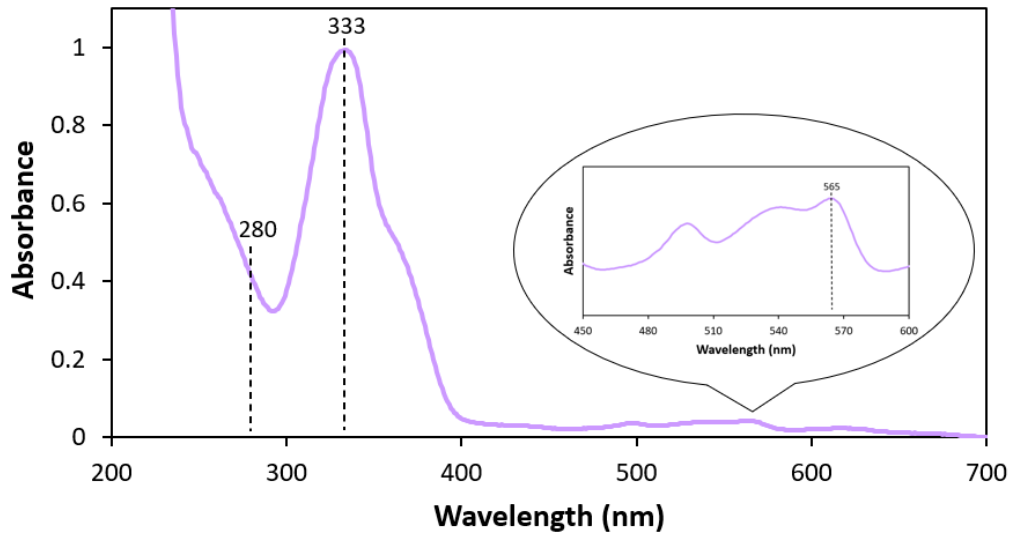


Figure S4. UV-Vis spectra profile of the recovered extract in PBS (1X, pH 7.4) diluted 10x using the optimized operating conditions previously obtained by CCRD (2²). The dashed vertical lines represent the characteristic wavelengths of non-fluorescent proteins (280 nm), MAAs (333 nm), and R-phycoerythrin (565 nm).

Table S1. Real and encoded values used in the optimization process by CCRD (2²) expressed by MAAs yield of extraction ($\text{mg}_{\text{MAAs}} \cdot \text{g}_{\text{fresh biomass}}^{-1}$) using PBS (1X, pH 7.4).

Run	t (min)	SLR ($\text{g}_{\text{fresh biomass}} \cdot \text{mL}_{\text{solvent}}^{-1}$)	Yield of extraction ($\text{mg}_{\text{MAAs}} \cdot \text{g}_{\text{fresh biomass}}^{-1}$)
1	12.0 (-1)	0.180 (-1)	47.5
2	48.0 (1)	0.180 (-1)	34.9
3	12.0 (-1)	0.820 (1)	35.2
4	48.0 (1)	0.820 (1)	34.9
5	4.62 (-1.41)	0.500 (0)	43.6
6	55.4 (1.41)	0.500 (0)	38.0

7	30.0 (0)	0.0488 (-1.41)	56.3
8	30.0 (0)	0.951 (1.41)	43.5
9	30.0 (0)	0.500 (0)	44.5
10	30.0 (0)	0.500 (0)	44.3
11	30.0 (0)	0.500 (0)	45.4

Table S2. Effect of the estimates for MAAs yield of extraction ($\text{mg}_{\text{MAAs}} \cdot \text{g}_{\text{fresh biomass}}^{-1}$) using PBS (1X, pH 7.4), optimized by the CCRD (2^2) with significant factors at 95% confidence level.

Factor	Effect	Standard error	Calculated t^*	p-value
Mean/Interaction	45.6	0.244	186	0.000
t (min) – (X1)	-5.21	0.413	-12.6	0.00622
t (min) – (X1 ²)	-8.41	0.479	-17.6	0.00323
SLR ($\text{g}_{\text{fresh biomass}} \cdot \text{mL}_{\text{solvent}}^{-1}$) – (X2)	-7.64	0.410	-18.6	0.00287
X1 by X2	6.17	0.578	10.7	0.00867

*Degrees of freedom.

Table S3. Predicted vs. experimental values (real) obtained by the fitted model and the respective relative deviation (%) from the independent variables fixed at the optimum conditions for MAAs yield of extraction ($\text{mg}_{\text{MAAs}} \cdot \text{g}_{\text{fresh biomass}}^{-1}$) using PBS (1X, pH 7.4). V1, V2, and V3 represent the validation assays.

Assay	t (min)	SLR ($\text{g}_{\text{fresh biomass}} \cdot \text{mL}_{\text{solvent}}^{-1}$)	Yield of extraction ($\text{mg}_{\text{MAAs}} \cdot \text{g}_{\text{fresh biomass}}^{-1}$)		Relative deviation (%)
			Experimental values	Predicted values	
			X1	X2	
V1	12.0	0.0488	55.8	53.7	3.95
V2			59.6		11.0
V3			58.5		8.90
Mean of deviation					7.95

Table S4. Composition of the initial extract in PBS pH 7.4 (after solid-liquid extraction optimization) performed by UHPLC-DAD-ESI/MS.

Retention time (min)	UV-Vis (nm)	$[\text{M-H}]^-$ (m/z)	Compound	Compound abundance (%)
1.39	207, 334	345	Porphyra-334	80.63
1.47	202, 336	327	Palythenic acid	5.54