

COSMO-RS and experimental thermophysical properties of alkylammonium ionic liquids

Murilo L. Alcantara^{1,2}; Gabriel L Bressan¹; Paulo V. A. Santos¹; Maria F. V. Nobre¹; João A. P. Coutinho²,
Cláudio O. A. Nascimento¹, Luis A. F. Romero^{1*}.

¹Chemical Engineering Department, Polytechnic School, University of São Paulo. São Paulo-Brazil.

²CICECO - Aveiro Institute of Materials, Chemistry Department, University of Aveiro, Aveiro, Portugal

*follegatti@usp.br

Supplementary material

S1 - Extra Figures and Tables

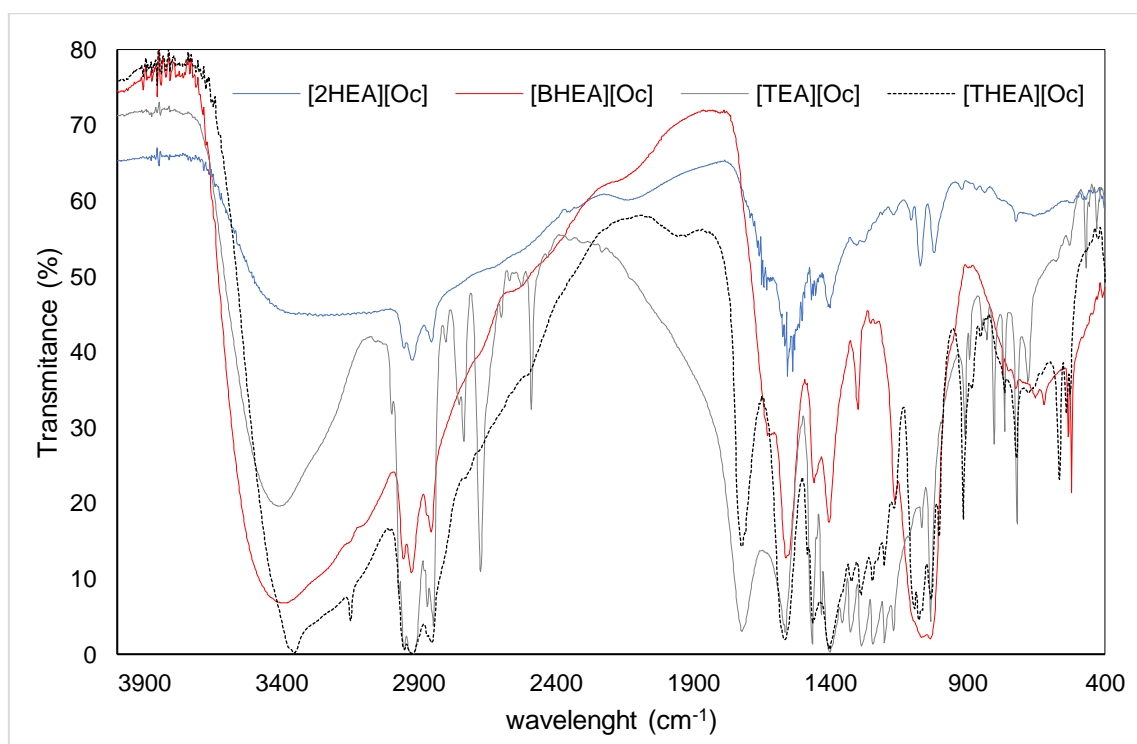


Figure S1. FT-IR spectra of the studied ILs. [2HEA][Oc] = [HEA][Oc] in the manuscript.

Figure S2 depicts the σ -profiles of the ILs' ions under study. These profiles provide a 2D representation of the charge distribution visualized in Figure 1, enabling quantitative analysis of the induced charge density concentration around each ion and their likely interactions.

The σ -profiles reveal a significant concentration of octanoate anions [Oc]⁻, characterized by one strong peak of neutral charges ($-0.01 \text{ e}/\text{\AA}^2$ to $0.01 \text{ e}/\text{\AA}^2$) and a secondary peak of concentrated induced positive charges ($0.015 \text{ e}/\text{\AA}^2$ to $0.03 \text{ e}/\text{\AA}^2$), a result of the negative site of the octanoate carboxyl group. All cations exhibited negative peaks ($< -0.015 \text{ e}/\text{\AA}^2$), indicative of the positive charge sites. The order of negative induced charge concentration is [HEA]⁺>[BHEA]⁺>[THEA]⁺>[TEA]⁺, suggesting their relative polarities. Notably, the [TEA]⁺ and [THEA]⁺ cations showed minimal peaks of highly concentrated charges below $-0.02 \text{ e}/\text{\AA}^2$, indicating a more non-localized charge distribution. Additional analysis of sigma potentials can be found within Supplementary Material S1.

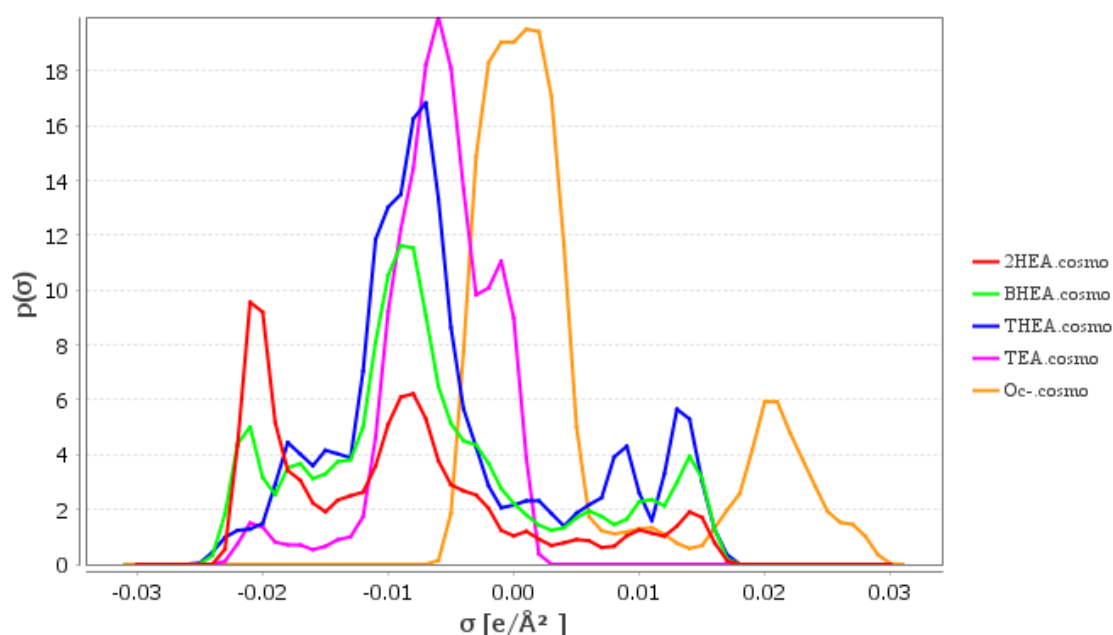


Figure S2. Sigma profile of all ions under study Octanoate [Oc]⁻, Tri-(2-Hydroxyethyl) Ammonium [THEA]⁺, bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)Ammonium [BHEA]⁺, N-Hydroxyethyl Ammonium [HEA]⁺, triethylammonium [TEA]⁺. [2HEA][Oc] = [HEA][Oc] in the manuscript.

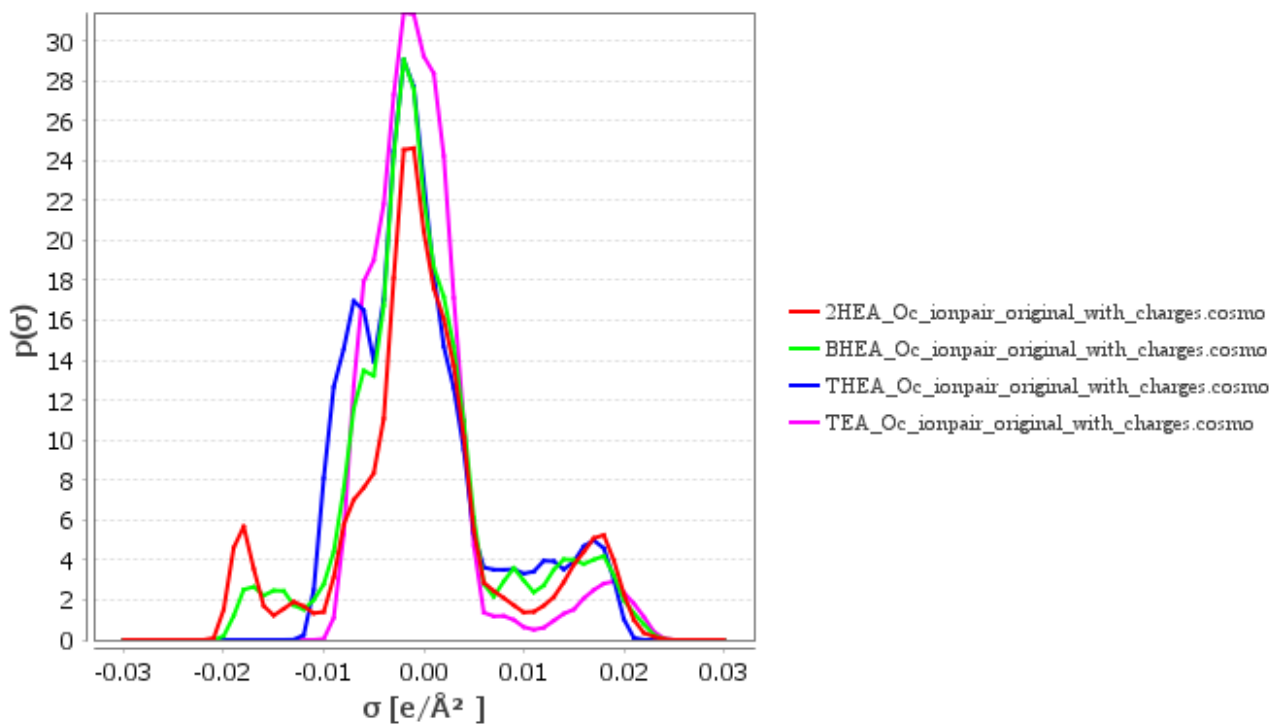


Figure S3. Sigma profile of ion-pairs under study: 2-Hydroxyethylammonium Octanoate [HEA][Oc], bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)ammonium Octanoate [BHEA][Oc], Tri-(2-Hydroxyethyl)ammonium Octanoate [THEA][Oc], Triethylammonium Octanoate [TEA][Oc]. [2HEA][Oc] = [HEA][Oc] in the manuscript.

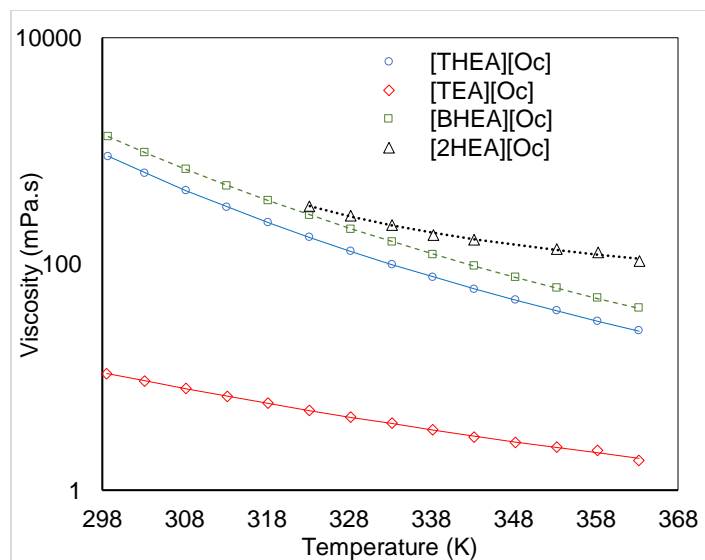


Figure S4. Experimental (dots) and fitted viscosities by Vogel-Tammann-Fulcher of the studied ILs: 2-Hydroxyethylammonium Octanoate [HEA][Oc], bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)ammonium Octanoate [BHEA][Oc], Tri-(2-Hydroxyethyl)ammonium Octanoate [THEA][Oc], Triethylammonium Octanoate [TEA][Oc]. [2HEA][Oc] = [HEA][Oc] in the manuscript.

Table S1. Parameters of Vogel-Tammann-Fulcher for viscosity of: 2-Hydroxyethylammonium Octanoate [HEA][Oc], bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)ammonium Octanoate [BHEA][Oc], Tri-(2-Hydroxyethyl)ammonium Octanoate [THEA][Oc], Triethylammonium Octanoate [TEA][Oc].

Parameters	[HEA][Oc]	[BHEA][Oc]	[THEA][OC]	[TEA][OC]
a	2.60E+01	3.36E-03	4.83E-03	2.06E-03
b	1.37E+02	2.24E+03	1.88E+03	2.19E+03
t0	2.69E+02	1.25E+02	1.43E+02	4.23E+01
r ²	0.99601	0.99999	0.99999	0.99969