

# Electronic Supplementary Information

## Solubility and solvation of monosaccharides in ionic liquids

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**Table S1.** Weight percentage (wt%) of water in the studied monosaccharides and ionic liquids.

Compound	Water Content (wt%)
D-(+)-glucose	0.598
D-(+)-mannose	0.654
D-(-)-fructose	0.080
D-(+)-galactose	0.373
D-(+)-xylose	0.142
L-(+)-arabinose	0.510
[C <sub>4</sub> C <sub>1</sub> im][N(CN) <sub>2</sub> ]	0.010
[C <sub>4</sub> C <sub>1</sub> im][(OCH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> ]	0.078
[P <sub>6 6 6 14</sub> ][N(CN) <sub>2</sub> ]	0.033
[P <sub>6 6 6 14</sub> ]Cl	0.163



**Table S3.** Mole fraction solubility of D-(+)-glucose in  $[P_{6,6,6,14}][N(CN)_2]$  at different temperatures, and comparison with data from the literature.

<b>Monosaccharide</b>	<b>D-(+)-glucose</b>		
	<b><math>T / K</math></b>	<b><math>x_{\text{Glucose}} (\pm\sigma)</math></b>	
	This work	Carneiro <i>et al.</i> <sup>1</sup>	Rosatella <i>et al.</i> <sup>4</sup>
288	0.007 ( $\pm 0.001$ )	0.0018	
298	0.009 ( $\pm 0.002$ )	0.0024	
308	0.012 ( $\pm 0.001$ )	0.0037	0.0151
318	0.013 ( $\pm 0.001$ )	0.0048	
328	0.018 ( $\pm 0.001$ )		
338	0.027 ( $\pm 0.003$ )		
348	0.029 ( $\pm 0.002$ )		

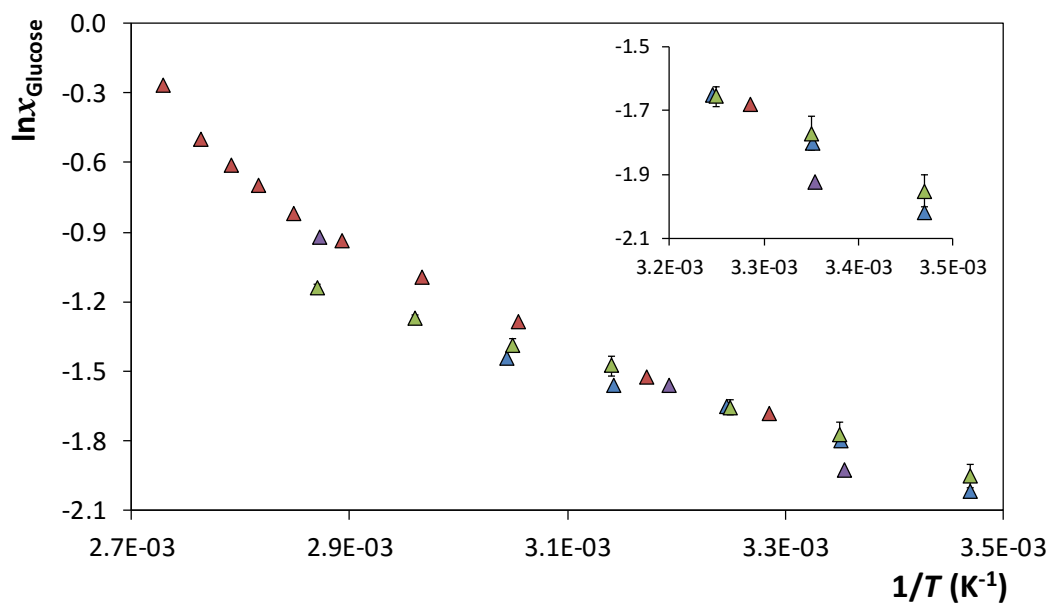
**Table S4.** Fitting parameters of the linear function corresponding to the solubility of monosaccharides, as the natural logarithm of the mole fraction,  $\ln x_{\text{Glucose}}$ , in the studied ILs, *versus* the reciprocal temperature ( $1/T$ ).

<b>Monosaccharide</b>	<b>Linear equation</b>	<b><math>R^2</math></b>
<b>[C<sub>4</sub>C<sub>1im</sub>][N(CN)<sub>2</sub>]</b>		
D-(+)-glucose	$\ln x = -1331.6 \cdot 1/T + 2.680$	0.9978
D-(+)-mannose	$\ln x = -1353.6 \cdot 1/T + 2.920$	0.9965
D-(-)-fructose	$\ln x = -1203.1 \cdot 1/T + 2.164$	0.9967
D-(+)-galactose	$\ln x = -1240.8 \cdot 1/T + 2.368$	0.9952
D-(+)-xylose	$\ln x = -1327.4 \cdot 1/T + 2.896$	0.9974
L-(+)-arabinose	$\ln x = -1260.3 \cdot 1/T + 2.423$	0.9979
<b>[C<sub>4</sub>C<sub>1im</sub>][(OCH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>]</b>		
D-(+)-glucose	$\ln x = -3872.2 \cdot 1/T + 10.006$	0.9837
D-(+)-mannose	$\ln x = -4084.5 \cdot 1/T + 10.672$	0.9956
D-(-)-fructose	$\ln x = -4112.2 \cdot 1/T + 10.138$	0.9885
D-(+)-galactose	$\ln x = -3490.3 \cdot 1/T + 9.511$	0.9849
D-(+)-xylose	$\ln x = -3779.1 \cdot 1/T + 10.632$	0.9838
L-(+)-arabinose	$\ln x = -3729.2 \cdot 1/T + 9.949$	0.9986
<b>[P<sub>6,6,6,14</sub>][N(CN)<sub>2</sub>]</b>		
D-(+)-glucose	$\ln x = -2434.9 \cdot 1/T + 3.455$	0.9803
<b>[P<sub>6,6,6,14</sub>]Cl</b>		
D-(+)-glucose	$\ln x = -3984.1 \cdot 1/T + 8.838$	0.9727

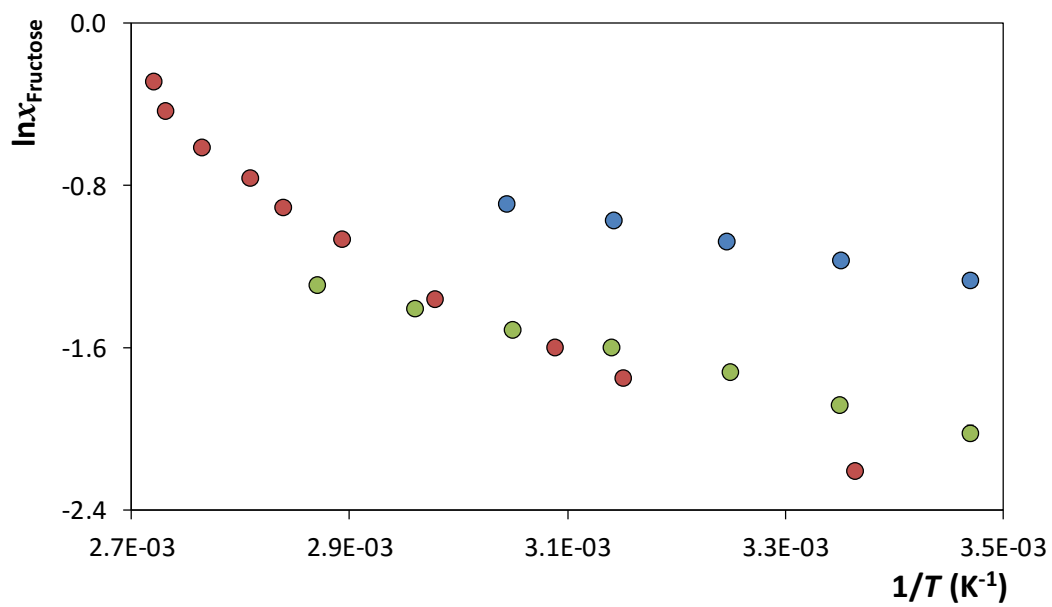
**Table S5.** Melting temperature,  $T_m$  (in K), and thermodynamic solution properties (in  $\text{kJ}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$ ) of monosaccharides in water and methanol at 298 K: enthalpy of melting,  $\Delta H_m$ , enthalpy of solution,  $\Delta H_{\text{sol}}$ , entropy of solution,  $T\Delta S_{\text{sol}}$ , Gibbs free energy of solution,  $G_{\text{sol}}$ , and respective uncertainties (within brackets).

Monosaccharide	$\Delta H_m$	$T_m$ (K)	$\Delta H_{\text{sol}}$	$T\Delta S_{\text{sol}}$	$\Delta G_{\text{sol}}$	$\Delta H_{\text{sol}}$	$T\Delta S_{\text{sol}}$	$\Delta G_{\text{sol}}$
			Water			Methanol		
D-(+)-glucose	32.3 <sup>20</sup>	423.2 <sup>21</sup>	19.41	13.61	5.80	28.08	14.05	14.03
D-(+)-mannose	24.7 <sup>20</sup>	407.2 <sup>20</sup>	--- <sup>a</sup>	--- <sup>a</sup>	--- <sup>a</sup>	34.15	22.19	11.96
D-(-)-fructose	26.0 <sup>22</sup>	378.2 <sup>23</sup>	11.32	8.24	3.09	47.51	37.83	9.68
D-(+)-galactose	43.8 <sup>20</sup>	436.2 <sup>20</sup>	17.07	9.72	7.35	33.99	16.96	17.02
D-(+)-xylose	31.7 <sup>20</sup>	423.2 <sup>21</sup>	13.51	8.42	5.09	38.64	25.50	13.14
L-(+)-arabinose	35.8 <sup>20</sup>	428.7 <sup>22</sup>	11.31	3.99	7.32	36.78	21.85	14.93

<sup>a</sup>Insufficient available data for a coherent analysis

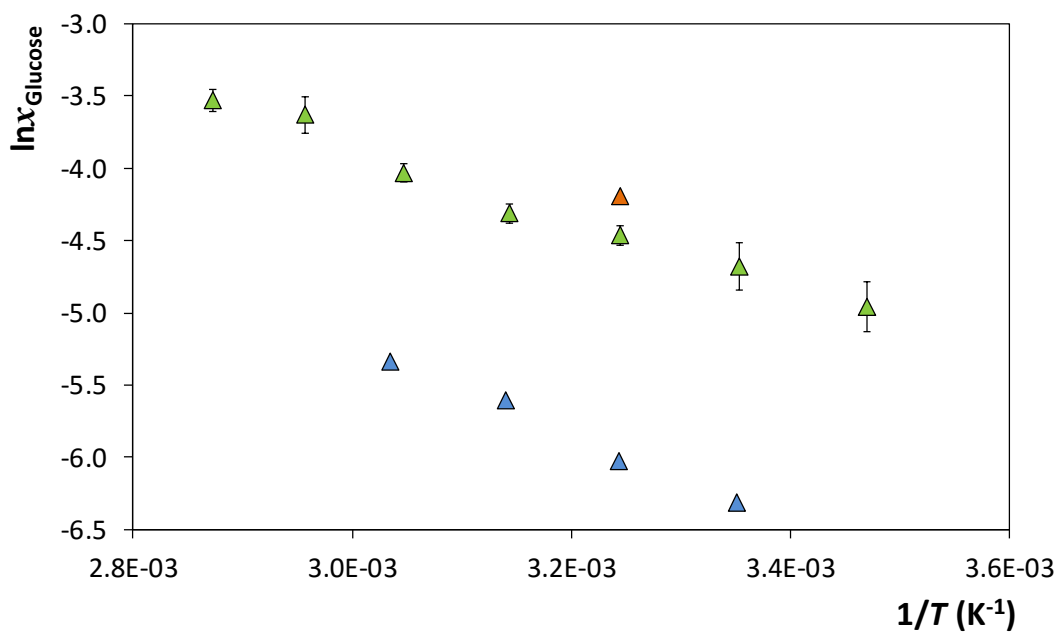


**Figure S1.** Solubility of D-(+)-glucose, as the natural logarithm of the mole fraction ( $\ln x_{\text{Glucose}}$ ), in  $[\text{C}_4\text{C}_1\text{im}][\text{N}(\text{CN})_2]$ , versus the reciprocal temperature ( $1/T$ ): ▲, This work; ▲, Carneiro *et al.*;<sup>1</sup> ▲, Paduszynski *et al.*;<sup>2</sup> and ▲, Liu *et al.*<sup>3</sup>

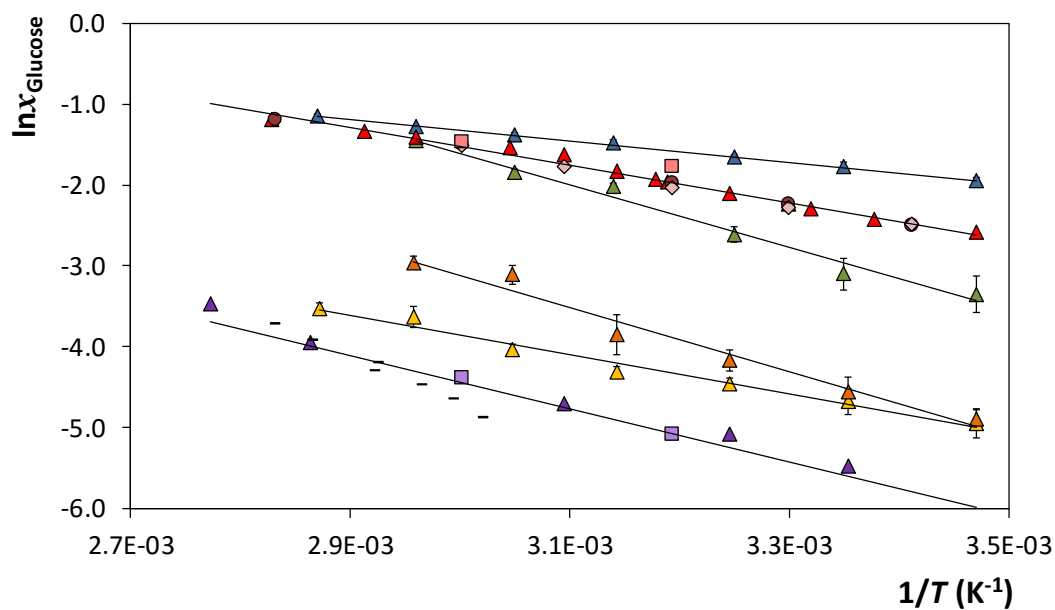


**Figure S2.** Solubility of D-(-)-fructose, as the natural logarithm of the mole fraction ( $\ln x_{\text{Fructose}}$ ), in  $[\text{C}_4\text{C}_1\text{im}][\text{N}(\text{CN})_2]$ , versus the reciprocal temperature ( $1/T$ ): ●, This work; ●, Carneiro *et al.*<sup>1</sup> and ●, Paduszynski *et al.*<sup>2</sup>

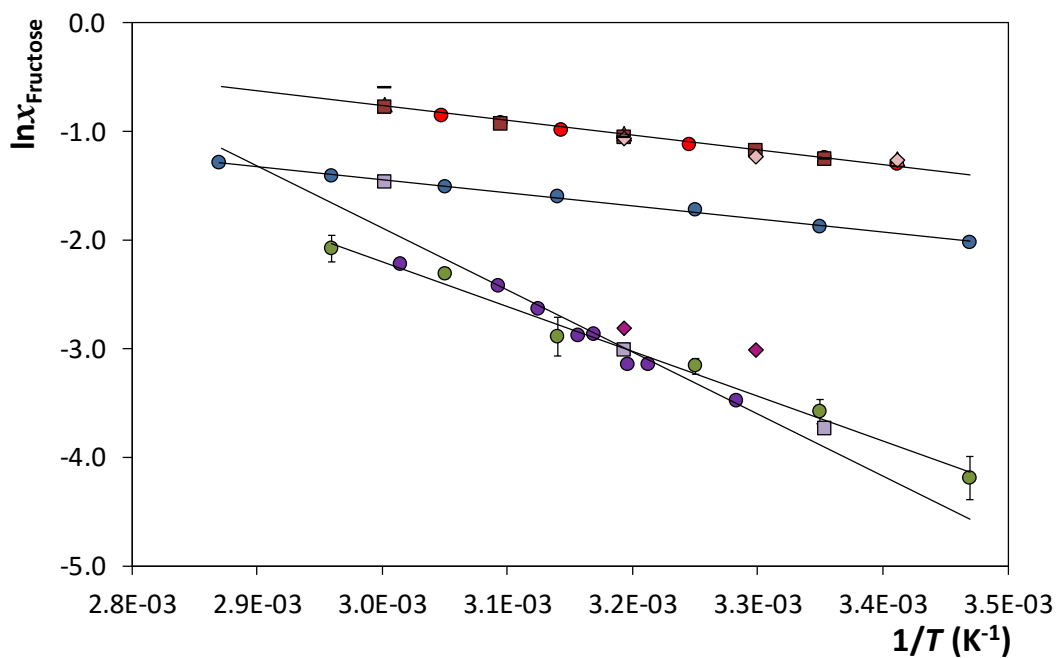




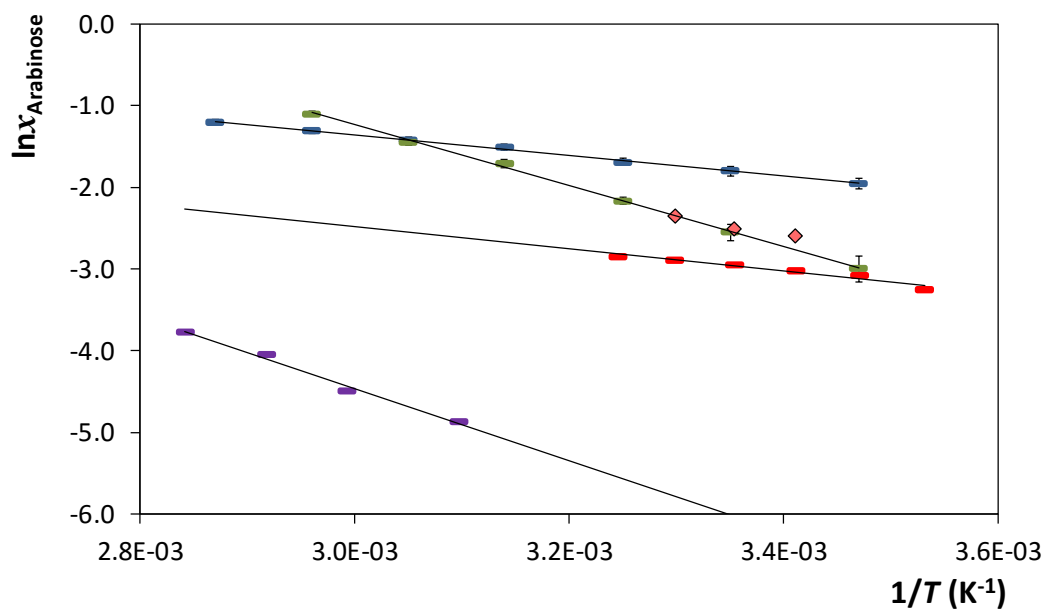
**Figure S3.** Solubility of D-(+)-glucose, as the natural logarithm of the mole fraction ( $\ln x_{\text{Glucose}}$ ), in  $[\text{P}_{6,6,6,14}][\text{N}(\text{CN})_2]$ , versus the reciprocal temperature ( $1/T$ ):  $\blacktriangle$ , This work;  $\blacktriangle$ , Carneiro *et al.*;<sup>1</sup> and  $\blacktriangle$ , Rosatella *et al.*<sup>4</sup>



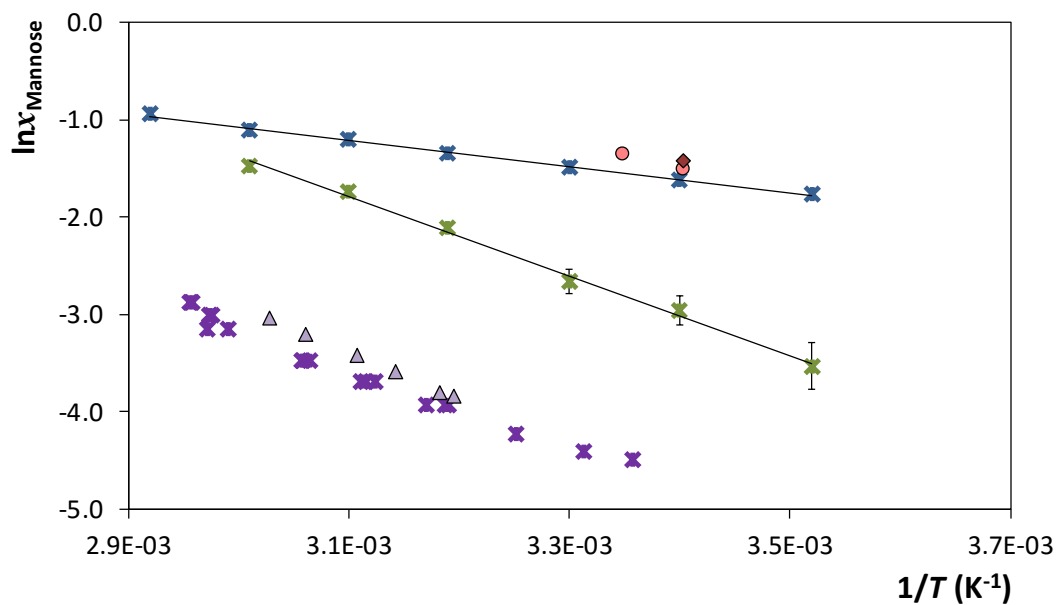
**Figure S4.** Solubility of D-(+)-glucose, as the natural logarithm of the mole fraction ( $\ln X_{\text{Glucose}}$ ), in the studied ionic liquids, water and methanol, *versus* the reciprocal temperature ( $1/T$ ):  $\blacktriangle$ ,  $[\text{C}_4\text{C}_{1\text{im}}][\text{N}(\text{CN})_2]$ ;  $\blacktriangle$ ,  $[\text{C}_4\text{C}_{1\text{im}}][(\text{OCH}_3)_2\text{PO}_2]$ ;  $\blacktriangle$ ,  $[\text{P}_{66614}]\text{Cl}$ ;  $\blacktriangle$ ,  $[\text{P}_{66614}][\text{N}(\text{CN})_2]$ ;  $\blacktriangle$ , water from Stephen and Stephen;<sup>5</sup>  $\bullet$ , water from Mullin;<sup>6</sup>  $\blacklozenge$ , water from Alves *et al.*;<sup>7</sup>  $\blacksquare$ , water from Peres and Macedo;<sup>8</sup>  $\blacktriangle$ , methanol from Stephen and Stephen;<sup>5</sup>  $\blacksquare$ , methanol from Peres and Macedo;<sup>8</sup> and  $\blacksquare$ , methanol from Putten *et al.*<sup>9</sup>



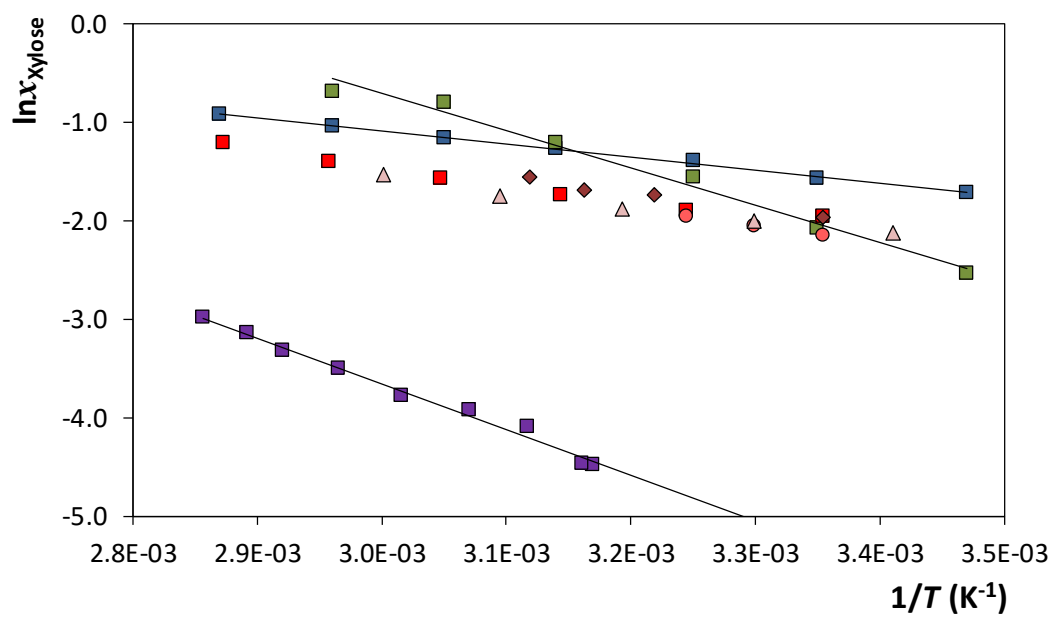
**Figure S5.** Solubility of D-(-)-fructose, as the natural logarithm of the mole fraction ( $\ln X_{\text{Fructose}}$ ) in the studied ionic liquids, water and methanol, *versus* the reciprocal temperature ( $1/T$ ): ●,  $[\text{C}_4\text{C}_1\text{im}][\text{N}(\text{CN})_2]$ ; ●,  $[\text{C}_4\text{C}_1\text{im}][(\text{OCH}_3)_2\text{PO}_2]$ ; ▲, water from Mullin;<sup>6</sup> ●, water from Jackson *et al.*;<sup>10</sup> ■, water from Crestani *et al.*;<sup>11</sup> ◆, water from Alavi *et al.*;<sup>12</sup> ●, methanol from Putten *et al.*;<sup>9</sup> ■, methanol from Peres and Macedo;<sup>13</sup> and ◆, methanol from Montañés *et al.*<sup>14</sup>



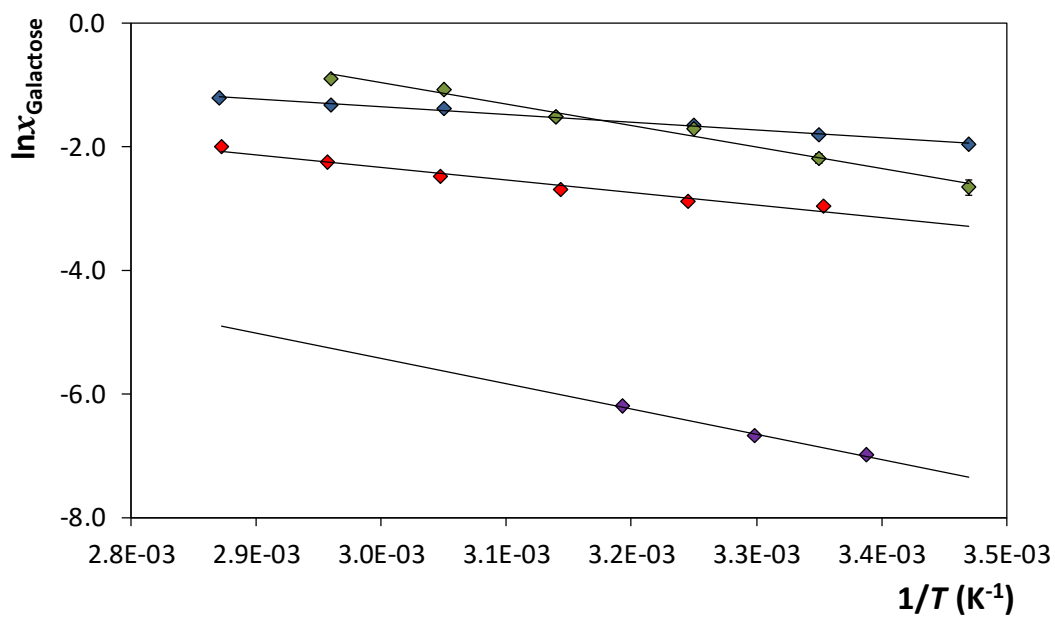
**Figure S6.** Solubility of L-(+)-arabinose, as the natural logarithm of the mole fraction ( $\ln x_{\text{Arabinose}}$ ) in the studied ionic liquids, water and methanol, *versus* the reciprocal temperature ( $1/T$ ):  $\blacksquare$ ,  $[\text{C}_4\text{C}_1\text{im}][\text{N}(\text{CN})_2]$ ;  $\blacksquare$ ,  $[\text{C}_4\text{C}_1\text{im}][(\text{OCH}_3)_2\text{PO}_2]$ ;  $\blacksquare$ , water from Jiang *et al.*;<sup>15</sup>  $\blacklozenge$ , water from Gray *et al.*;<sup>16</sup> and  $\blacksquare$ , methanol from Putten *et al.*<sup>9</sup>



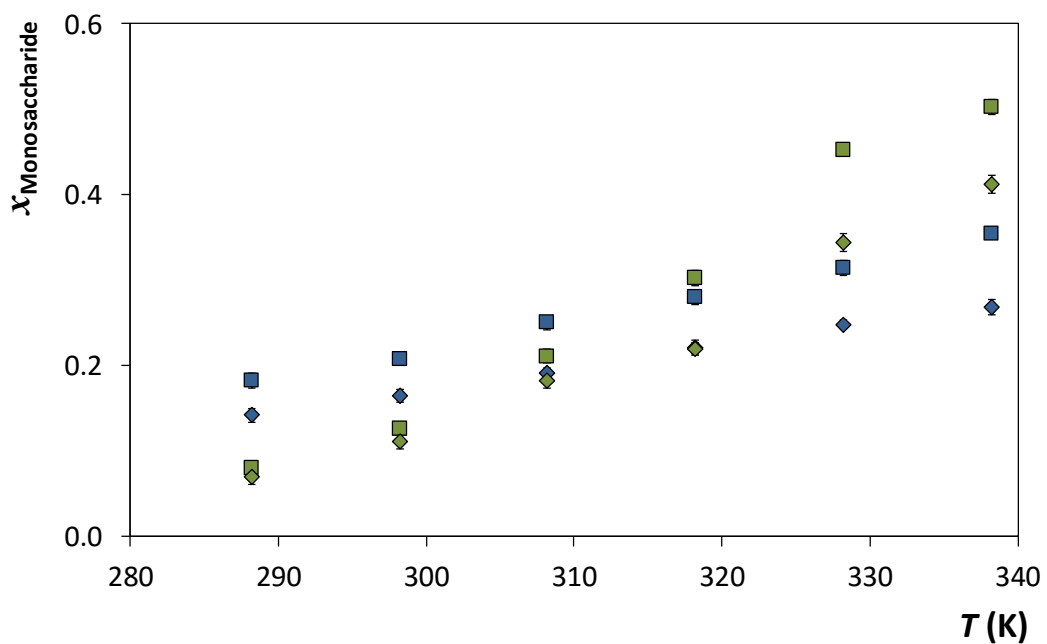
**Figure S7.** Solubility of D-(+)-mannose, as the natural logarithm of the mole fraction ( $\ln x_{\text{Mannose}}$ ) in the studied ionic liquids and water, *versus* the reciprocal temperature ( $1/T$ ): \*,  $[\text{C}_4\text{C}_{1\text{im}}][\text{N}(\text{CN})_2]$ ; \*,  $[\text{C}_4\text{C}_{1\text{im}}][(\text{OCH}_3)_2\text{PO}_2]$ ;  $\blacktriangle$ , methanol from Stephen and Stephen;<sup>5</sup> and  $\ast$ , methanol from Putten *et al.*<sup>9</sup>



**Figure S8.** Solubility of D-(+)-xylose, as the natural logarithm of the mole fraction ( $\ln x_{\text{Xylose}}$ ) in the studied ionic liquids, water and methanol, *versus* the reciprocal temperature ( $1/T$ ): ■,  $[\text{C}_4\text{C}_{1\text{im}}][\text{N}(\text{CN})_2]$ ; ■,  $[\text{C}_4\text{C}_{1\text{im}}][(\text{OCH}_3)_2\text{PO}_2]$ ; ●, water from Gray *et al.*<sup>16</sup> ■, water from Jónsdóttir *et al.*<sup>17</sup> ◆, water from Goldberg *et al.*<sup>18</sup> ▲, water from Martínez *et al.*<sup>19</sup> and ■, methanol from Putten *et al.*<sup>9</sup>



**Figure S9.** Solubility of D-(+)-galactose, as the natural logarithm of the mole fraction ( $\ln x_{\text{Galactose}}$ ) in the studied ionic liquids, water and methanol, *versus* the reciprocal temperature ( $1/T$ ): ♦,  $[\text{C}_4\text{C}_1\text{im}][\text{N}(\text{CN})_2]$ ; ♦,  $[\text{C}_4\text{C}_1\text{im}][(\text{OCH}_3)_2\text{PO}_2]$ ; ♦, water from Jónsdóttir *et al.*;<sup>17</sup> and ♦, methanol from Montañés *et al.*<sup>14</sup>



**Figure S10.** Mole fraction solubility of D-(+)-xylose (square dots) and D-(+)-galactose (diamond dots) in ionic liquids: ■, [C<sub>4</sub>C<sub>1</sub>im][N(CN)<sub>2</sub>]; ■, [C<sub>4</sub>C<sub>1</sub>im][(OCH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>2</sub>]; ◆, [C<sub>4</sub>C<sub>1</sub>im][N(CN)<sub>2</sub>]; and ◆, [C<sub>4</sub>C<sub>1</sub>im][(OCH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>2</sub>].



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